## 

| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9 | KEKER & VAN NEST LLP ROBERT A. VAN NEST - #84065 rvannest@kvn.com CHRISTA M. ANDERSON - #184325 canderson@kvn.com 633 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111-1809 Telephone: 415.391.5400 Facsimile: 415.397.7188  KING & SPALDING LLP SCOTT T. WEINGAERTNER (Pro Hac Vice) sweingaertner@kslaw.com ROBERT F. PERRY rperry@kslaw.com BRUCE W. BABER (Pro Hac Vice) 1185 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036 Telephone: 212.556.2100 | KING & SPALDING LLP DONALD F. ZIMMER, JR #112279 fzimmer@kslaw.com CHERYL A. SABNIS - #224323 csabnis@kslaw.com 101 Second St., Suite 2300 San Francisco, CA 94105 Telephone: 415.318.1200 Facsimile: 415.318.1300  GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP IAN C. BALLON - #141819 ballon@gtlaw.com HEATHER MEEKER - #172148 meekerh@gtlaw.com 1900 University Avenue East Palo Alto, CA 94303 Telephone: 650.328.8500 Facsimile: 650.328.8508 |
|---|---|--|
| 11  | Facsimile: 212.556.2222   | racsinine. 050.528.6508  |
| 12  | Attorneys for Defendant GOOGLE INC. UNITED STATES   | DISTRICT COURT   |
| 13  | NORTHERN DISTR  | ICT OF CALIFORNIA  |
| 14  |   | ISCO DIVISION  |
| 15  | SARVIRGA  | aseo Bivision  |
| 16<br>17                                  | ORACLE AMERICA, INC.,   | Case No. 3:10-cv-03561-WHA   |
| 18  | Plaintiff,  | DECLARATION OF DANIEL<br>BORNSTEIN IN SUPPORT OF   |
| 19  | V.  | DEFENDANT GOOGLE INC.'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON   |
| 20  | GOOGLE INC.,  | COUNT VIII OF PLAINTIFF ORACLE AMERICA'S AMENDED COMPLAINT   |
| 21  | Defendant.  | Judge: Hon. William Alsup  |
| 22  |   | Hearing: 2:00 p.m., September 15, 2011   |
| 23  |   |  |
| 24  |   |  |
| 25  |   |  |
| 26  |   |  |
| 27  |   |  |
| 28  |   |  |
|   |   |  |

# 2

# 3

#### 4

## 5 6

# 7

## 8 9

- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21
- 22 23
- 24
- 25 26
- 27
- 28

- I, Daniel Bornstein, declare as follows:
- 1. I am and have been employed by Google since October 2005 as an engineer for the Android team. I submit this declaration in support of Defendant Google Inc.'s Motion for Summary Judgment on Count VIII of Plaintiff Oracle America, Inc.'s Amended Complaint, I make this declaration based on my own personal knowledge. If called as a witness, I could and would testify competently to the matters set forth herein.
- 2. The Android platform is a freely-distributed, open-source software stack for mobile devices that includes an operating system, middleware and key mobile applications. In the early days of its development, Android, Inc. and then Google (which purchased Android, Inc. in 2005) pursued numerous possibilities for developing the platform, including a technology partnership with Sun (incorporating Sun's implementation of its virtual machine and Java language libraries into the platform), as well as developing Android from the ground up. When the partnership negotiations failed, Google decided to concentrate fully on the ground up solution, using only new materials and publicly-available open-source materials.
- 3. Android was built to be a truly "open" platform. Android is made available under permissive open source license terms, primarily the Apache License, Version 2.0. The information and source code for the Android platform is freely available for developers, manufacturers, or any member of the general public to download at http://source.android.com and http://developer.android.com. The software development kit ("SDK") for the Android platform was first publicly released by Google in 2007.
- 4. Android provides access to a wide range of useful libraries and tools that can be used to build rich mobile applications by interfacing with hardware that is typically not available on desktop platforms. For example, Android enables developers to obtain the location of the mobile device using the phone's built-in GPS technology, or to create photography applications using the built-in camera. Developers for Android can create software applications for Androidbased mobile devices using various programming languages, including the Java programming language. Other languages supported by Android include C, C++, and JavaScript, among others.
  - 5. Android contains over 50 thousand files and over 11 million lines of code, and is

- 6. The Android platform includes, among other things, the Android SDK and the Dalvik Virtual Machine ("VM"). The Android SDK is a comprehensive set of development tools provided to software developers who wish to create applications for Android devices. The Dalvik VM is a new intermediate software layer, created by Google, that allows programs, including those written in the Java programming language, to run on the Android platform. The Dalvik VM and Android platform accomplish this function in part by using a collection of 168 libraries (also referred to as "packages") referred to as the "Android Core Libraries." I led the design and creation of the Dalvik VM and related libraries at Google.
- 7. Some of the Android Core Libraries incorporate and were in part derived from API libraries from Apache Harmony ("Harmony" or the "Harmony Project").
- 8. Others of the Android Core Libraries were developed by an independent contractor that Google retained as part of the early development work on Android. Google informed the contractor that it was interested in interoperability with version 1.5 (now known as version 5.0) of the Java 2 Standard Edition platform. The contractor was retained and instructed to write new code, reuse and improve original code created by Google, or import and improve code from permissively licensed (or equivalent) open source projects, such as the Harmony Project—but not from any proprietary materials, including Sun materials. The files developed by this independent contractor include the following eight Android files: AclEntryImpl.java; AclImpl.java; GroupImpl.java; OwnerImpl.java; PermissionImpl.java; PrincipalImpl.java; PolicyNodeImpl.java; and AclEnumerator.java. Each of those files is a "test" file for the purpose of verifying that certain aspects of the corresponding program file worked correctly. These files do not have any effect on the code that ships on Android devices, and there is no

|    | Case 3:10-cv-03561-WHA Document 261 Filed 08/01/11 Page 4 of 4                                    |  |
|----|---|--|
| 1  | reason that these files would ever be present on Android devices. In fact, after this lawsuit was |  |
| 2  | filed, Google removed these files from the Android platform, and has not replaced them with       |  |
| 3  | new files.  |  |
| 4  | 9. Two Android files, CodeSourceTest.java; and  |  |
| 5  | CollectionCertStoreParametersTest.java, were developed by the same independent contractor         |  |
| 6  | discussed in the preceding paragraph. Those files appear to have been derived, at least in part,  |  |
| 7  | from Harmony files. After this lawsuit was filed, Google removed from these files comments        |  |
| 8  | that appear to have come from the original Harmony files.   |  |
| 9. |   |  |
| 10 | I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing facts are true and correct.                 |  |
| 11 | Executed on August 1, 2011 in Mountain View, California.  |  |
| 12 | Q be  |  |
| 13 | Daniel Bornstein  |  |
| 14 |   |  |
| 15 |   |  |
| 16 |   |  |
| 17 |   |  |
| 18 |   |  |
| 19 |   |  |
| 20 | a e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e   |  |
| 21 |   |  |
| 22 | ·   |  |
| 23 |   |  |
| 24 |   |  |
| 25 |   |  |
| 26 |   |  |
| 27 |   |  |
| 28 |   |  |
|    | i   |  |